ABSTRACT

The phenomenon of poverty occurs when a person is unable to meet the minimum needs of a certain standard of living. This study aimed to determine the effect of education, minimum wage and unemployment to poverty in Padang city. This research is quantitative by using time series data (1997-2012). Types of data used in this study is secondary data obtained from Badan Pusat Statistik and the journals as a supporting research. The regression method used multiple linear regression linear (Ordinary least square) using tools software eviews 8. Testing in done by using the classical assumption that normality test, multicollinearity test, heteroscedasticity test and autocorrelation test. The statistics testing the coefficient of determination ($R^2$), regression coefficient test (t-test) and F test (F-test). The result analysis and research show that the education and minimum wage rate has influence significantly to poor in Padang City, but unemployment has some insignificant influence to poor in Padang.

Keyword : poverty, minimum wage and unemployment